



# COMMUNITY DAY

— AHMEDABAD —



**COMMUNITY DAY**

# Service Mesh: ISTIO on EKS Cluster

Dharmang Makwana | 20<sup>th</sup> January 2024

HOD: DevOps & SRE @Panamax Inc



# COMMUNITY DAY

What is ISTIO?

How to Design Secure End-  
End Encryption

01

02

03

04

What is Service Mesh?

ISTIO Advantages



# COMMUNITY DAY

## What is Service Mesh?

A Service Mesh is a tool for adding observability, security and reliability features to application by inserting this features at the platform layer rather than implementing it on the application layer.





## Let me make it very Simple – A Dev Job

What if I ask Development team to build below functionality?

- **Traffic Management:** Adding the advance traffic routing capability at the application layer like load balancing, implementation of the network policy to route the traffic



# COMMUNITY DAY



## Let me make it very Simple – A Dev Job

What if I ask Development team to build below functionality?

- **Monitoring & Securing the service-to-service communication:** Adding end to end encryption for service-to-service implementation and adding the monitoring capabilities







## Let me make it very Simple – A Dev Job

What if I ask Development team to build below functionality?

- **Service level observability:** Adding a features that allows team to monitor and analyze performance and behavior of the services in real time.



# COMMUNITY DAY



## Focus is routed to implement additional layer

Now the problem here is, Development team is focusing on building the capability on the platform side instead of focusing on implementing core business logic.







## COMMUNITY DAY



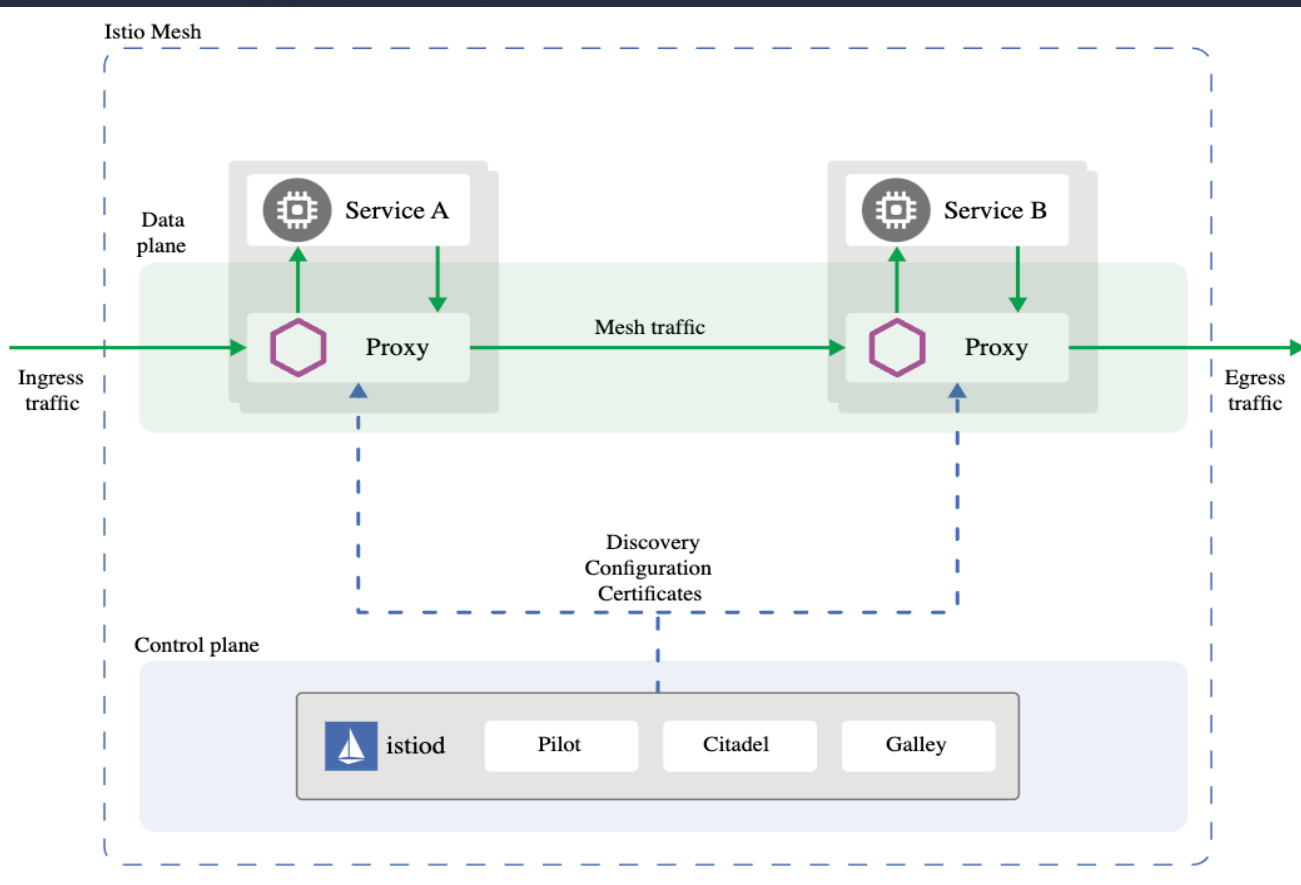
### What is the ISTIO?

Istio is an open-source service mesh platform that helps manage traffic between microservices within a Kubernetes cluster. It provides features such as load balancing, authentication, authorization, rate limiting, and observability.

Istio uses a sidecar proxy (Envoy) that intercepts all incoming and outgoing traffic to handle service-to-service communication. It's designed to be platform-independent and can be used in various environments like Kubernetes, Mesos, and others.



# Architecture ISTIO





## COMMUNITY DAY

# ISTIO Data Plane

The data plane consists of Envoy proxies deployed as sidecars, running alongside application instances in Kubernetes pods. The Envoy proxies manage traffic for services on the system, including managing and controlling network communication between microservices.

By deploying Envoy as a sidecar, Istio lets developers implement proxies in their application with no code changes

All application traffic flows through these Envoy proxies, which collect large amounts of data and can provide valuable insights about traffic, supporting observability.



## COMMUNITY DAY

# ISTIO Control Plane

- Pilot: uses the Envoy API to communicate with the Envoy sidecar. The pilot is responsible for traffic management, routing, and service inspection.
- Citadel: provides secure communication between services by managing user authentication, certificate and credential management.
- Galley: responsible for configuration management, distribution, and processing.

Let us visualize our current state of application.

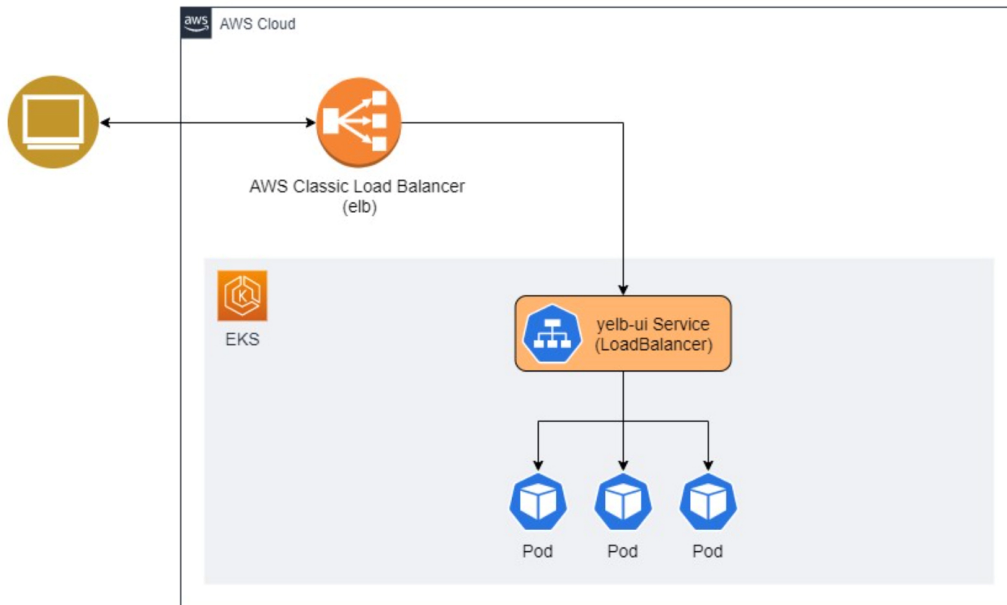


Figure 01: Current state of application

In the future state of application, I will implement end-to-end traffic encryption using a TLS certificate from ACM, ALB, and Istio in the Amazon EKS. The target state of cluster will look like Figure 02.

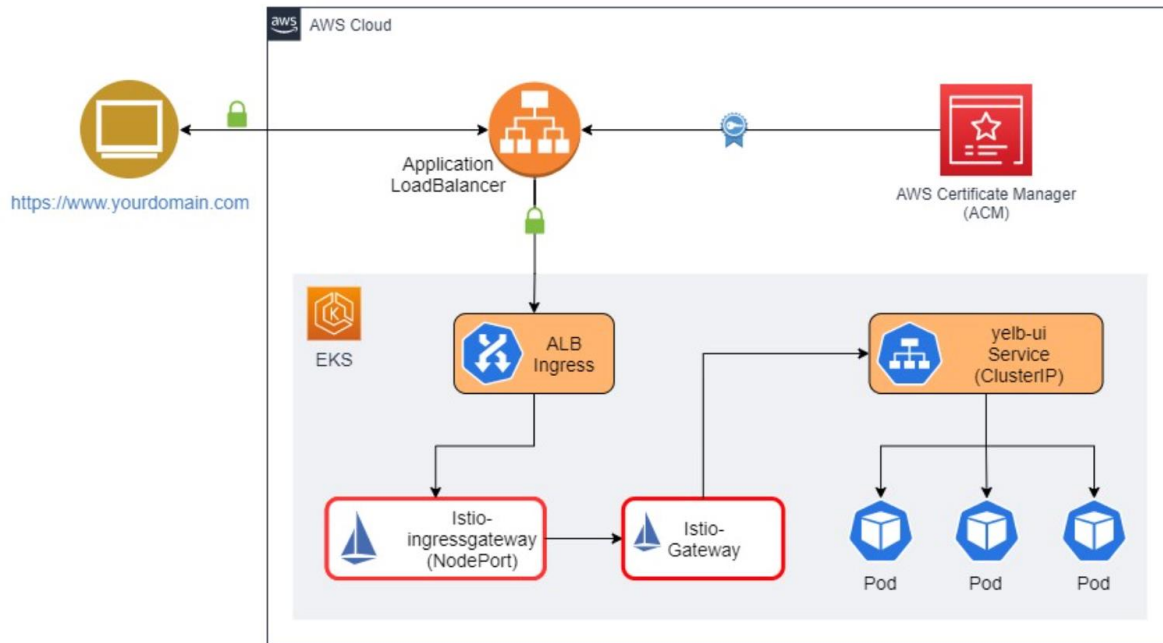


Figure 02: Target state of application





# COMMUNITY DAY

## Pre-Requisite

- Working EKS Cluster
- SSL Certificate to Import on Amazon Certificate Manager
- aws-cli, openssl, helm, eksctl, kubectl installed
- Ingress Controller Deployed on EKS Cluster



## COMMUNITY DAY

# ISTIO Installation & Configuration



### Step 1) Installation of ISTIO

```
# curl -L https://istio.io/downloadIstio | sh -  
# cd istio-1.20.0  
# export PATH=$PWD/bin:$PATH
```

### Step 2) Configuration of the ISTIO Profile

```
# istioctl install \  
--set profile=demo \  
--set values.gateways.istio-ingressgateway.type=NodePort
```

Step 3) Add a namespace label to instruct Istio to automatically inject Envoy sidecar proxies when you deploy your application later (awscommunity is the name of the namespace)

```
# kubectl label namespace awscommunity istio-injection=enabled
```





## COMMUNITY DAY

# Ingress Controller Deployment

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  annotations:
    kubernetes.io/ingress.class: alb
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/scheme: internet-facing
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/healthcheck-path: /healthz/ready
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/healthcheck-port: traffic-port
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/backend-protocol: HTTPS
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/listen-ports: '[{"HTTP": 80}, {"HTTPS": 443}]'
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/actions.ssl-redirect: |
      {
        "Type": "redirect",
        "RedirectConfig": {
          "Protocol": "HTTPS",
          "Port": "443",
          "StatusCode": "HTTP_301"
        }
      }
    alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/certificate-arn: |
      arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:611030622228:certificate/961b7042-ab5c-4ce6-8501-e5c96a1dcf81
  name: gw-ingress
  namespace: istio-system
```

```
spec:
  rules:
    - host: helloworld.panamaxil.com
      http:
        paths:
          - backend:
              service:
                name: istio-ingressgateway
                port:
                  number: 15021
              path: /healthz/ready
              pathType: Prefix
          - backend:
              service:
                name: istio-ingressgateway
                port:
                  number: 443
              path: /
              pathType: Prefix
```



# COMMUNITY DAY

## Application Deployment

- For the Application Deployment we are using very simple application called helloworld.
- We are creating a simple deployment file and cluster IP service for the same.

```
dharmang.makwana@aws-eks-1-2019-11-15 ~ % kubectl get deployment -n awscommunityday
NAME          READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
helloworld    2/2     2            2           42m
dharmang.makwana@aws-eks-1-2019-11-15 ~ % kubectl get pods -n awscommunityday
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
helloworld-79699f84d7-p45m2         2/2     Running   0           42m
helloworld-79699f84d7-qrtgr         2/2     Running   0           42m
dharmang.makwana@aws-eks-1-2019-11-15 ~ % kubectl get svc -n awscommunityday
NAME          TYPE        CLUSTER-IP   EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)   AGE
helloworldsvc ClusterIP    10.100.50.15 <none>        80/TCP    44m
dharmang.makwana@aws-eks-1-2019-11-15 ~ %
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: helloworld
  namespace: devops
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: helloworld
  replicas: 2 # tells deployment to run 1 pod
  template: # create pods using pod definition
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: helloworld
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: helloworld
          image: karthequian/helloworld:latest
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
              name: nginx-port
```



# COMMUNITY DAY



## Gate Way and Virtual Service Creation

```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1alpha3
kind: Gateway
metadata:
  name: mobifingw
  namespace: devops
spec:
  selector:
    istio: ingressgateway
  servers:
    - port:
        number: 443
        name: https-443
        protocol: HTTPS
      tls:
        mode: SIMPLE
        credentialName: tls-secret
      hosts:
        - '*'
```

```
apiVersion: networking.istio.io/v1alpha3
kind: VirtualService
metadata:
  name: helloworldvs
  namespace: devops
spec:
  hosts:
    - 'helloworld.panamaxil.com'
  gateways:
    - mobifingw
  http:
    - route:
        - destination:
            host: helloworldsvc.devops.svc.cluster.local
            port:
              number: 80
```



# COMMUNITY DAY



dharmangroy@gmail.com



<https://github.com/dharmangmakwana/lstio-eks.git>



+91 990 955 8715



<https://www.linkedin.com/in/dharmang-makwana-2318a655/>